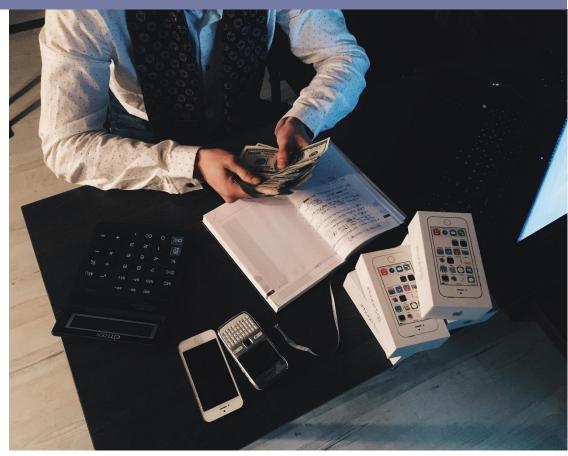
# Anti-Bribery Management System

# THE ISO APPROACH (37001:2016)

Let's open a discussion





#### ISO 37001:2016 Anti-Bribery Management System

#### Introduction.

- In almost all the organizations, areas like Data Protection, Product Safety, Information Security, Anti Money Laundering and others are already ensured by compliance activities <u>to avoid legal risks and to protect company's reputation and its brands</u>.
- We believe that even if at today a certified Anti-Bribery Management System is not mandatory by law, it could represent a value that can improve the overall success of the company.





#### Corruption perception (of public sectors) index 2021.

**POLAND** 

Score change

**0** since 2020

Score **56**/100

Rank **42**/180

**SLOVAKIA** 

Score change

+3 since 2020

Score **52**/100

Rank **56**/180

HUNGARY

Score change

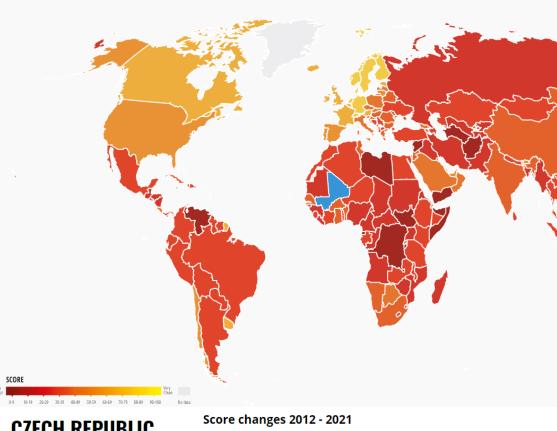
**U** -1 since 2020

Score

**43**/100

Rank

**73**/180









Score

**NEW ZEALAND** Score change

**0** since 2020

**88**/100

Rank

1/180

**GERMANY** 

Score change

**0** since 2020

Score **80**/100

Rank

**10**/180

Score

**AUSTRIA** 

Score change

**-2** since 2020

Rank

**74**/100

**13**/180

by Transparency International





## Bribery as business and social problem.

- Bribery is one of the most destructive and complex problems of our times.
- Despite national and international efforts to combat it, it remains widespread.
- No sector is immune to bribery and corruption.





#### ISO 37001:2016 Anti-Bribery Management System

## **Bribery's impacts.**

- Financial Losses.
- Low motivations of Shareholders and Investors to stay with the company.
- Damaged Company Reputation.
- Weakened Business Development.
- Business Inefficiency.





#### The law in the Czech Republic.

Act No. 40/2009 Coll., Czech Criminal Code; Act No. 418/2011 Coll., on Criminal Liability of Legal Entities

The criminal code defines a bribe as "offering, giving, requesting or accepting (directly or indirectly) in the public or private sector, an unauthorised benefit consisting in a direct material enrichment or other advantage which is obtained or is intended to obtained by the bribed person or another person with his/her agreement, and to which she/he has no right"



#### Penalties includes:

#### **INDIVIDUALS**

- Imprisonment for up to 12 years
- Forfeiture of property, protective measures (i.e. confiscation of an item/property-in part of whole)
- Monetary penalties up to CZK 36,5m (approx. EUR 1,35m)
- House arrest, community service, prohibition of entry to sporting, cultural and other social events, deportation and prohibition of residence

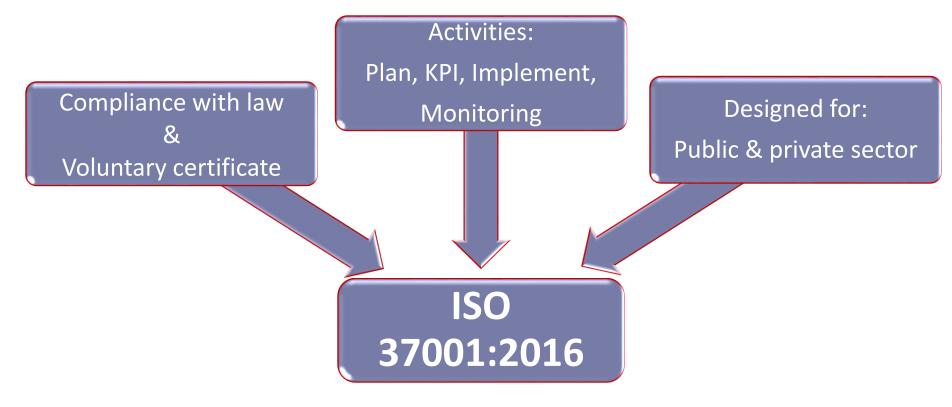
#### **COMPANIES**

- Monetary penalty up to CZK 1,46bn (approx. EUR 54m)
- Forfeiture of property, forfeiture of a possessed item, protective measures (i.e. confiscation of an item/property
- in part of whole)
- Publication of judgment, punishment by disqualification from participating in public tenders and applying for subsidy and grant programmes
- If held liable, the company may be dissolved (in extreme cases)



#### What is ISO 37001:2016.

- It is a tool which specifies requirements and provides guidance for making an ABMS to a wide range size of organizations
- It can easily integrated with other existing management systems and controls





#### **Business benefits of ABMS certification.**

**Competitive advantage** 

Choosing business partners with same values.

**Increased ethical image** 

Promote trust and confidence

Legal safeguard.

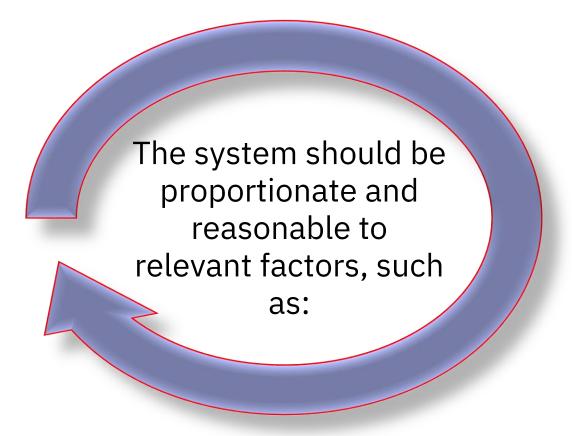
Shows implemented controls.

**International recognition** 

Worldwide applicability.



#### Administrational work.



- the size and structure of the organization.
- the locations where you operate.
- the sectors where you operate.
- the nature, scale, and complexity of your activities.
- the bribery risk.



#### The structure of ISO 37001:2016.

#### Introduction

- Purpose
- Reference standards
- Terms and definitions

### Requirements

- Organization Context
- Leadership
- Planning
- Support
- Operating Activities
- Performance Evaluation
  - **Improvement**



## Main requirements for certification (1/2).

**Organization Context** 

- Anti-bribery policy adoption and self-evaluation
- Bribery risk assessment

Leadership

- Tone from the Top
- Empower the compliance function of necessary powers

**Planning** 

How to react to bribery, how to evaluate, resources

**Support** 

- For implementation and maintaining of ABMS
- Personnel training Communication





## Main requirements for certification (2/2).

**Operating Activities** 

- Due diligence on projects and business associates.
- Controls in financial, commercial areas, in procurement processes.

Performance Evaluation

- Reporting, investigating, internal audit, set KPIs
- Periodical monitoring.

**Improvement** 

**Corrective actions and ongoing improvement.** 





#### Our knowledge and our solutions.

We are trained for the implementation of Anti-Bribery Management System (ABMS) by RINA SERVICES, the first organization in the world to receive the accreditation for such audit.

# Scenario 1 IMPLEMENTATION

we can help you building or implementing a **new** compliance system.

## Scenario 2 **ADAPTATION**

we can help to **adapt** your policy and ABMS (or other compliance system) to the standards required by ISO 37001.

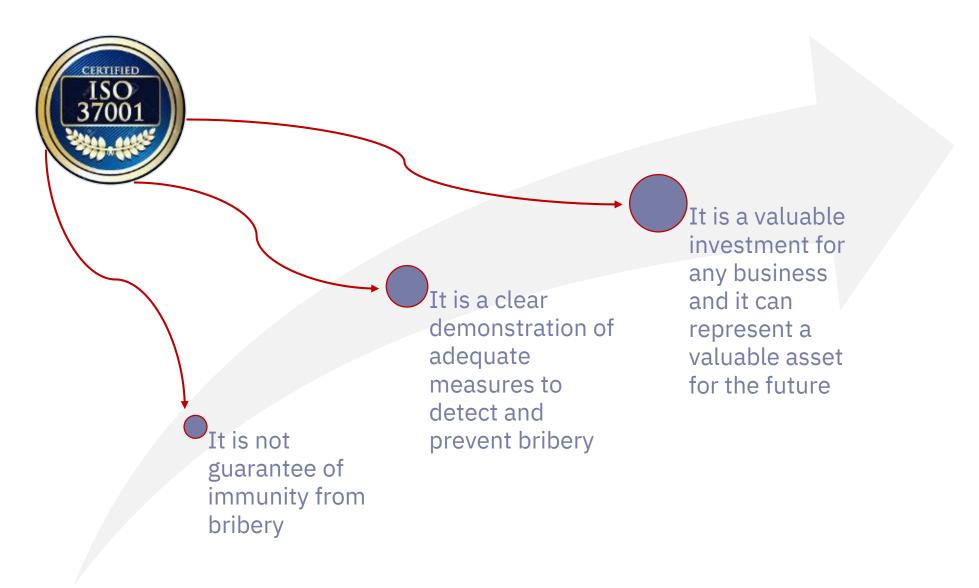
# Scenario 3 **ANALYSIS**

we can analyze your ABMS and providing local contact during the certification process **ISO 37001:2016** done by third company

According ISO, outsourcing of the anti-bribery compliance functions is possible.

Upon request, we can provide this service.







In case of any questions, please, contact us:

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Email: administration@lucaprague.eu







#### CONTACT



#### Anti-Bribery Management System



#### ATTESTATO DI PARTECIPAZIONE AL CORSO

"IMPLEMENTARE UN SISTEMA ANTICORRUZIONE SECONDO LA NORMA UNI ISO 37001:2016"

discente

**ROBERTO DI CURSI** 

MILANO, 25 MARZO 2019





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