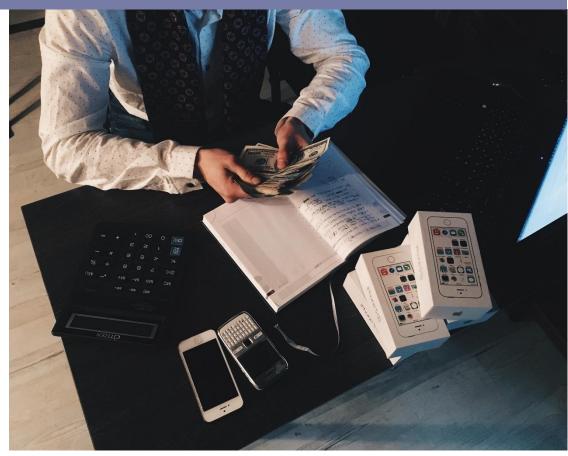
Anti-Bribery Management System

THE ISO APPROACH (37001:2016)

Let's open a discussion





ISO 37001:2016 **Anti-Bribery Management System**

Introduction.

- o In almost all the organizations, areas like Data Protection, Product Safety, Information Security, Anti Money Laundering and others are already ensured by compliance activities to avoid legal risks and to protect company's reputation and its brands.
- We believe that even if at today a certified Anti-Bribery Management System is not mandatory by law, it could represent a value that can improve the overall success of the company.







Corruption perception (of public sectors) index 2023.

POLAND

Score **54**/100

Score change

♣ -1 since 2022

Rank

47/180

SLOVAKIA

Score change

1 since 2021

Score **54**/100

Rank **47**/180

HUNGARY

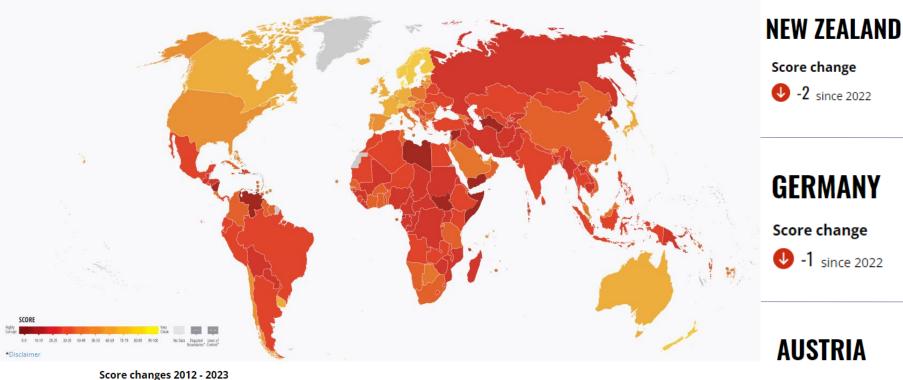
Score change

0 since 2022

42/100

Score

Rank **76**/180 CZECHIA



2015

Score change

1 -2 since 2022

GERMANY

Score change

U -1 since 2022

Score **78**/100

Score

85/100

Rank

3/180

Rank 9/180

AUSTRIA

Score change

2023

0 since 2022

Score **71**/100

Rank

20/180

by Transparency International



Score **57**/100

41/180

Rank Score change

57

54

1 since 2022

Bribery as business and social problem.

- Bribery is one of the most destructive and complex problems of our times.
- Despite national and international efforts to combat it, it remains widespread.
- No sector is immune to bribery and corruption.





ISO 37001:2016 Anti-Bribery Management System

Bribery's impacts.

- Financial Losses.
- Low motivations of Shareholders and Investors to stay with the company.
- Damaged Company Reputation.
- Weakened Business Development.
- Business Inefficiency.





The law in the Czech Republic.

Act No. 40/2009 Coll., Czech Criminal Code; Act No. 418/2011 Coll., on Criminal Liability of Legal Entities

The criminal code defines a bribe as "offering, giving, requesting or accepting (directly or indirectly) in the public or private sector, an unauthorised benefit consisting in a direct material enrichment or other advantage which is obtained or is intended to obtained by the bribed person or another person with his/her agreement, and to which she/he has no right"



Penalties includes:

INDIVIDUALS

- Imprisonment for up to 12 years
- Forfeiture of property, protective measures (i.e. confiscation of an item/property-in part of whole)
- Monetary penalties up to CZK 36,5m (approx. EUR 1,35m)
- House arrest, community service, prohibition of entry to sporting, cultural and other social events, deportation and prohibition of residence

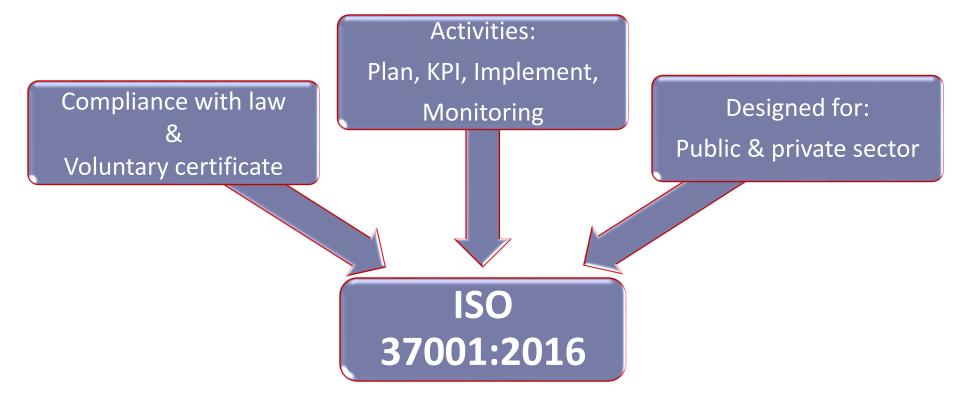
COMPANIES

- Monetary penalty up to CZK 1,46bn (approx. EUR 54m)
- Forfeiture of property, forfeiture of a possessed item, protective measures (i.e. confiscation of an item/property
- in part of whole)
- Publication of judgment, punishment by disqualification from participating in public tenders and applying for subsidy and grant programmes
- If held liable, the company may be dissolved (in extreme cases)



What is ISO 37001:2016.

- It is a tool which specifies requirements and provides guidance for making an ABMS to a wide range size of organizations
- It can easily integrated with other existing management systems and controls





Business benefits of ABMS certification.

Competitive advantage

Choosing business partners with same values.

Increased ethical image

Promote trust and confidence

Legal safeguard.

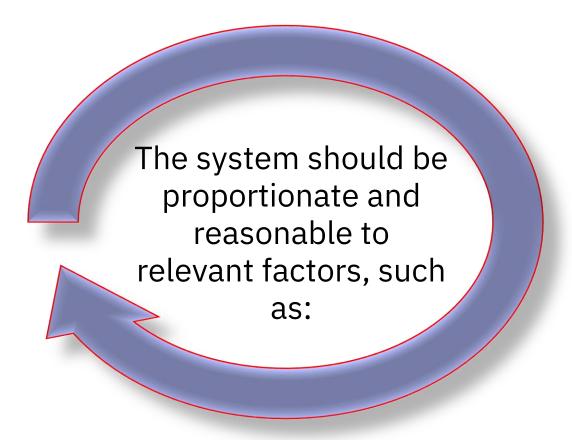
Shows implemented controls.

International recognition

Worldwide applicability.



Administrational work.



- the size and structure of the organization.
- the locations where you operate.
- the sectors where you operate.
- the nature, scale, and complexity of your activities.
- the bribery risk.



The structure of ISO 37001:2016.

Introduction

- Purpose
- Reference standards
- Terms and definitions

Requirements

- Organization Context
- Leadership
- Planning
- Support
- Operating Activities
- Performance Evaluation
 - **Improvement**



Main requirements for certification (1/2).

Organization Context

- Anti-bribery policy adoption and self-evaluation
- Bribery risk assessment

Leadership

- Tone from the Top
- Empower the compliance function of necessary powers

Planning

How to react to bribery, how to evaluate, resources

Support

- For implementation and maintaining of ABMS
- Personnel training Communication





Main requirements for certification (2/2).

Operating Activities

- Due diligence on projects and business associates.
- Controls in financial, commercial areas, in procurement processes.

Performance Evaluation

- Reporting, investigating, internal audit, set KPIs
- Periodical monitoring.

Improvement

Corrective actions and ongoing improvement.





Our knowledge and our solutions.

We are trained for the implementation of Anti-Bribery Management System (ABMS) by RINA SERVICES, the first organization in the world to receive the accreditation for such audit.

Scenario 1 IMPLEMENTATION

we can help you building or implementing a **new** compliance system.

Scenario 2 **ADAPTATION**

we can help to **adapt** your policy and ABMS (or other compliance system) to the standards required by ISO 37001.

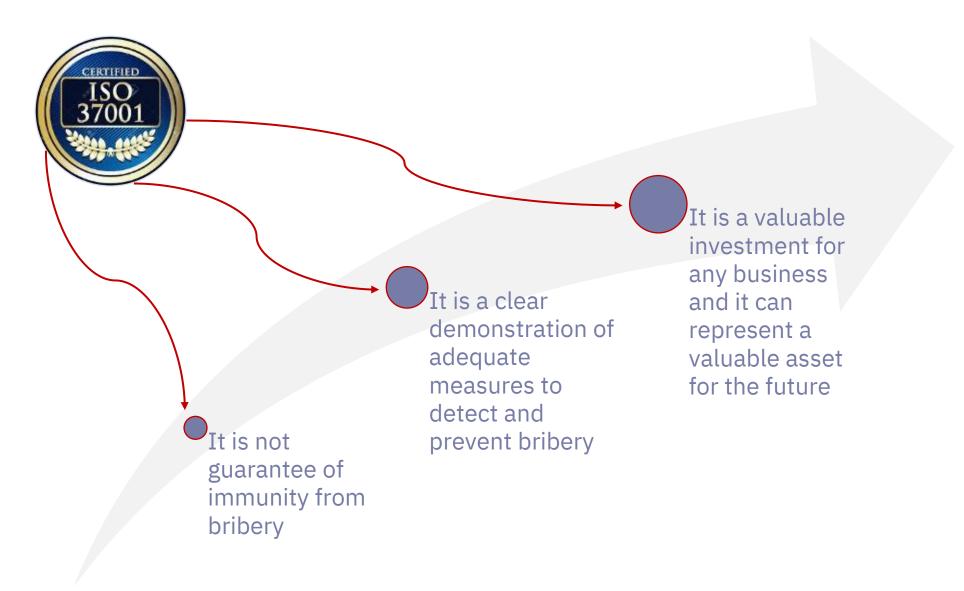
Scenario 3 **ANALYSIS**

we can analyze your ABMS and providing local contact during the certification process ISO 37001:2016 done by third company

According ISO, outsourcing of the anti-bribery compliance functions is possible.

Upon request, we can provide this service.







In case of any questions, please, contact us:

Telephone: +420 226 230 633

Email: administration@lucaprague.eu







CONTACT



Anti-Bribery Management System



ATTESTATO DI PARTECIPAZIONE AL CORSO

"IMPLEMENTARE UN SISTEMA ANTICORRUZIONE SECONDO LA NORMA UNI ISO 37001:2016"

discent

ROBERTO DI CURSI

MILANO, 25 MARZO 2019





www.transparency.org



www.oecd.org



www.coe.int/greco



www.rina.org



www.accredia.it